

Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (currently amended) A confocal microscope system for examination of a sample, comprising:
 - a source for a laser beam;
 - a diffraction medium which interacts with the laser beam to produce a plurality of laser beams which interact simultaneously with a plurality of sample volumes; and
 - [an] a first optical component, having a focusing lens with an input plane, to apply the plurality of laser beams to the sample, the optical component further including an optical arrangement causing the plurality of laser beams to pass through a center region of [the] the input plane of the focusing lens, said input plane having an associated optical axis with the input plane centered on the optical axis and each of the plurality of laser beams having an axis which coincides with said associated optical axis in the input plane, each of the plurality of laser beams used to form an image of the sample forming [thereby enabling formation of] a diffraction-limited [focus for] focal spot[[s]], thereby establishing substantially aberration free resolution for all the diffraction-limited focal spots forming the sample image, [formed by the plurality of laser beams] and using a second optical component for forming an image with those diffraction-limited focal spots to establish a confocal microscope system for imaging the sample.

2. (original) The confocal microscope system as defined in Claim 1 further including a detector to sense light beams scattered from the sample.
3. (original) The confocal microscope system as defined in Claim 2 wherein the detector comprises a pixellated area detector.
4. (original) The confocal microscope system as defined in Claim 2 wherein the detector comprises a position-sensitive image-forming photodetector.
5. (original) The confocal microscope system as defined in Claim 4, wherein the position-sensitive image-forming photodetector comprises a charge coupled device.
6. (original) The confocal microscope system as defined in Claim 4, wherein the position-sensitive image-forming photodetector comprises a complementary metal-oxide-semiconductor detector.
7. (original) The confocal microscope system as defined in Claim 4, wherein the position-sensitive image-forming photodetector comprises a photodetector array.
8. (original) The confocal microscope system as defined in Claim 4, wherein the position-sensitive image-forming photodetector comprises a microchannel plate.
9. (cancelled)
10. (original) The confocal microscope system as defined in Claim 1 wherein the diffraction medium comprises a holographic element.
11. (original) The confocal microscope system as defined in Claim 1 further including a relay lens disposed downstream from the diffraction medium.

12. (original) The confocal microscope system as defined in Claim 11 further including a beam splitter and an objective lens receiving a laser beam from the beam splitter.

13. (original) The confocal microscope system as defined in Claim 12 wherein the beam splitter operates to pass light reflected from the sample and enables the light to strike an area detector.

14. (original) The confocal microscope system as defined in Claim 13 further including an ocular lens disposed between the beam splitter and the area detector.

15. (original) The confocal microscope system as defined in Claim 2 further including computer software executable for establishing virtual alignment of the plurality of laser beams at positions on the detector.

16. (original) The confocal microscope system as defined in Claim 15 wherein the virtual alignment includes calculating a phase shifting pattern implemented by the diffraction medium.

17. (original) The confocal microscope system as defined in Claim 15 wherein a uniformly reflective surface is imaged by using the computer software and a computer calculates a hologram which projects light spots on selected pixels of the detector.

18. (original) The confocal microscope system as defined in Claim 1 wherein the diffraction medium comprises an addressable spatial light modulator, thereby enabling dynamic change of sample volumes undergoing illumination by the plurality of laser beams.

19. (original) The confocal microscope system as defined in Claim 18 wherein the spatial light modulator is programmed to cause scanning of a selected area slice of the sample.

20. (original) The confocal microscope system as defined in Claim 15 wherein the computer software operates to reject sensed light signals arising from a zone of confusion around a confocal region of interest in the sample.

21. (original) The confocal microscope system as defined in Claim 1 further including computer software executable to select at least one of the plurality of laser beams to increase its light intensity and use the at least one laser beam as an optical tweezer.

22. (original) The confocal microscope system as defined in Claim 1 wherein the diffraction medium comprises a reflection-mode spatial light modulator.

23. (currently amended) A method of performing confocal microscopy on a sample to produce an image of the sample comprising the steps of:

providing a laser beam;

applying the laser beam to a diffraction medium having a preselected diffractive pattern;

outputting a plurality of diffracted laser beams from the diffraction medium, the diffracted laser beams having their spatial orientation defined by the preselected diffractive pattern;

applying the plurality of diffracted laser beams to particular volume regions of the sample corresponding to the selected diffraction pattern; and

passing the diffracted laser beams through a center region of an input plane of a focusing lens with the input plane having an optical axis and the input plane centered on the optical axis and each axis of the diffracted laser beams coinciding with the optical axis of the

input plane, [thereby bringing] each of the diffracted laser beams used to form the sample image having an associated diffraction-limited focal spot [to a diffraction limited focus], thereby achieving substantially aberration free resolution for all of the diffraction-limited spots which form the sample image, and further using an optical element for forming the sample image with those diffraction-limited focal spots to establish a confocal microscope system for imaging the sample.

24. (original) The method as defined in Claim 23 further including the step of sensing light beams received from the particular volume regions of the sample.

25. (original) The method as defined in Claim 23, further including the step of establishing a virtual alignment of the plurality of diffracted laser beams.

26. (original) The method as defined in Claim 25, wherein the step of establishing a virtual alignment includes the calculation of a phase shifting pattern produced by the diffraction medium.

27. (original) The method as defined in Claim 23, further including the step of enabling dynamic change of the particular volume regions being affected by the plurality of diffracted laser beams.

28. (currently amended) A confocal microscope system for examination of a sample, comprising:

a source for a laser beam;

a diffraction medium which interacts with the laser beam to produce a plurality of laser beams which interact with a plurality of sample volumes;

an optical component, having a focusing lens with an input plane, to apply the plurality of laser beams to the sample, the optical component further including an optical arrangement causing the plurality of laser beams to pass through a central region of the input plane of the focusing lens with the input plane having an optical axis and the input plane centered on the optical axis and each axis of each of the plurality of laser beams coinciding with the optical axis in the input plane with each of the plurality of laser beams used to form a sample image forming a diffraction-limited focal spot, thereby establishing substantially aberration free resolution for all the diffraction-limited focal spots forming the sample image in a confocal microscope system; and

means for detecting light beams scattered from the sample.

29. (original) The confocal microscope as defined in Claim 28, further comprising means for establishing an alignment of the plurality of laser beams at positions on the detection means.

30. (original) The confocal microscope as defined in Claim 28, wherein the diffraction medium comprises an addressable spatial light modulator, wherein the addressable spatial light modulator enables dynamic change of sample volumes undergoing illumination by the plurality of laser beams.

31. (original) The confocal microscope as defined in Claim 30, wherein the addressable spatial light modulator is programmed to cause scanning of a selected region of a sample.

32. (original) The confocal microscope as defined in Claim 28, wherein the diffraction medium comprises a reflection-mode spatial light modulator.